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Deficit may fall to 7.5pc of GDP

Higher revenues this year will bring down the Kingdom's budget deficit to 7.5pc of GDP, from almost 10pc in 2017, according to ICAEW and Oxford Economics' latest Economic Insight report



Inflation has been projected to accelerate to 2.7 per cent this year, from 1.4pc in 2017, weighing on household spending

The government's biggest challenge would be containing public expenditure

A rise in inflation is expected this year because of the 'revenue enhancing measures' taken by the govt

The economy is seen benefitting from the steady stream of investment in 2018, funded mainly from the GCC

TDT | Manama

Mohammed Zafran

■hanks to higher revenues this year, Bahrain is on course to reduce its budget deficit to 7.5 per cent of the GDP, marking a 2.5 reduction from the 10pc recorded last year, according to ICAEW and Oxford Economics' Economic Insight report for the third quarter.

According to the researchers, despite the expected narrowing, the fiscal position will remain weak requiring a significant fis-



Although the rise in oil prices promises to support growth in the region, rising interest rates and tighter monetary conditions could slow down momentum in the non-oil private sector. Moreover, any escalation of the trade war between US, China and the EU could weigh on the region's economic outlook through weaker external demand and lower oil prices

MOHAMMAD BARDASTANI ICAEW ECONOMIC ADVISOR, OXFORD taken in recent years.

The government's biggest non-oil economy." challenge would be containing to the report.

investors thought the strategy said. was lacking, demanding a higher premium. The implementation of VAT should help diversify revenue streams, alongside the excise taxes announced at end-2017, but containing public expenditure is the biggest challenge for the government," the report stated. The forecast for Brent is 37pc higher this year at \$74.5 per barrel. The rise in oil prices is expected to support expenditure in Bahrain.

A rise in inflation is expected this year because of the 'revenue enhancing measures' taken by the government and it will consequently take a toll on household spending. "The revenue-enhancing measures are also expected to contribute to higher living costs - we project inflation to accelerate to 2.7pc this year, from 1.4pc in 2017, weighing on household spending," the report said.

The report explained that resurfacing of political issues could further lead to "weakening Bahrain's position as an impor-

cal adjustment on top of steps tant finance, business, logistics fitting from the steady stream "Although the rise in oil prices

cancel a conventional bond sale due to persistently wide budget stated. and make do with only a \$1 bil- deficits and high and rising levlion from a sukuk offering as els of public debt," the report ICAEW Economic Advisor and

and tourism centre, hurting the of investment in 2018, funded mainly from the GCC Marshall "The outlook for Bahrain's Fund, while additional suppublic expenditure, according economy remains stunted by the port will be provided to adongoing contraction in the oil dress the fiscal shortfall and in the non-oil private sector. "In March, Bahrain had to sector and lack of policy space currency pressure," the report Moreover, any escalation of the

> Mohammad Bardastani, "The economy is seen bene- East at Oxford Economics, said: lower oil prices."

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