Empowering the next generation of leaders with digital skills and education is imperative for Bahrain Vision 2030



The annual Huawei

ICT Competition

is the ultimate

university battle

of wits. More than

200 students from

in the 2019 -2020

competition, with

students ranked in

global showdown.

For four consecutive

the top 10 at the

years, Bahrain

students have

globally.

emerged among

the top three teams

edition of the

three Bahraini

Bahrain participated

JASON CAO

020 served us all a reminder that a robust information and communications technology (ICT) sector is vital for our global economy's continuous growth. Our world changed in ways few could have expected due to the COVID-19 global pandemic, and technology has ensured business continuity and provided our economy a fighting chance for survival. From online education, remote work, to e-commerce and digital banking, with the use of technology, we are all able to continue our lives as close to normal as possible.

Bahrain recognized quite early on that ICT is key to our society's progress and economic growth. The government has taken proactive steps to build a world-class ICT infrastructure that boosts connectivity and innovation. Bahrain has identified the critical role of the latest technology in promoting economic growth, job creation and human development, espoused in its Economic Vision 2030.

But cutting-edge technology requires advanced skills to match. There is no time more pertinent than the present to invest in talent development, specifically in the ICT sector, to ensure an ample supply of qualified people available to leverage technology in realizing the ambitious plans of Bahrain's leaders.

Knowledge and skills are the cornerstones of any country's economic prosperity. ICT technologies promote equal access

to education and serve as a building block of digital skills education. And talent building is a crucial component of national development. Bahrain enjoys a strong position as a globally competitive ICT hub and having leaders who are promoting socio-economic growth on the back of cutting-edge technologies. These two factors alone make it essential for local talent to be nurtured to continue the development of Bahrain's digital economy. After all, massive investment in building infrastructure and capabilities will only get you so far - talent is what will allow Bahrain to go above and beyond in terms of ICT implementation, R&D, and advancements.

Developing these skills cannot be the sole responsibility of governments - partnerships between the public sector, academia and technology companies are essential to knowledge building. As a leading technology solutions provider to Bahraini enterprises, telcos and small businesses, Huawei is closely aligned with Bahrain's Vision 2030 and the government efforts in developing ICT talent in the country. We established a roadmap for helping develop this talent under the Bahrain Drive on Talent initiative.

Huawei Bahrain partnered with five leading universities

in the Kingdom - Bahrain Polytechnic, University of Bahrain, Arab Open University (AOU), AMA University and Ahlia University – to develop a Huawei ICT Academy at their campuses to provide training to their students. Furthermore, through the Seeds for Future Programme, we provide 10 top Bahraini university students each year an opportunity to travel to our headquarters in China, where they are exposed first-hand to our world-leading technologies.

The annual Huawei ICT Competition is the ultimate university battle of wits. More than 200 students from Bahrain participated in the 2019 -2020 edition of the competition. with three Bahraini students ranked in the top 10 at the global showdown. For four consecutive years, Bahrain students have emerged among the top three teams globally.

We remain committed to developing ICT talent in Bahrain. We are currently in discussions with different institutions and ministries for employee training. The sum of these initiatives will help Bahrain maintain its technology edge as the region marches towards a post-oil future.

(The author is CEO of Huawei Bahrain)

Emirates to fly from India again after ban over virus

Dubai said on Saturday that only passengers from India "with a valid residence visa and who have received two doses of a **UAE-approved vaccine**" would be allowed to travel to the emirate

Some 300 flights a week were operating between the UAE and India before the ban was announced in April

AFP | Dubai

viation giant Emirates said yesterday it will resume flights from India from next week, after Dubai lifted a ban imposed when coronavirus cases spiked.



Emirates airline says it will resume flights from India from June 23, after Dubai lifted a ban over the coronavirus

The United Arab Emirates, ed all flights from India -- in-

"We will resume carrying pas- ate. sengers from South Africa, Nigeria and India... from June 23," ative PCR test taken within 48 empted private jets from the Emirates said in a statement.

Dubai said on Saturday that which includes Dubai, suspend- only passengers from India "with a valid residence visa and cluding for transit passengers who have received two doses of -- in April in an effort to curb the a UAE-approved vaccine" would spread of the novel coronavirus. be allowed to travel to the emir-

> They would also need a neghours of departure, a rapid test ban.

four hours before departure. and another PCR test on arrival with "institutional quarantine" required until the results are received.

Dubai authorities did not specify the rules for transit passengers and Emirates did not say whether transit passengers were allowed to fly through Dubai en route to third nations.

Some 300 flights a week were operating between the UAE and India before the ban was announced in April, according to local media, making the air corridor one of the busiest in the world.

The UAE is home to some 3.3 million Indians who make up a third of the population -- most of them in Dubai.

Some Indians who had been stranded in their homeland during a coronavirus surge had hired private jets to take them back to the UAE, which had ex-

Major Gulf markets end lower

OPEC and its allies agreed to extend most oil output cuts into April

Reuters

Most major stock markets in the Gulf ended lower yesterday, with the Saudi index leading the losses, although Qatar bucked the trend to close higher.

The benchmark index in Saujhi Bank and petrochemical firm oil output cut of 1 million bpd, Saudi Basic Industries dropping and would decide in follow-1.8% each.

The kingdom's April crude oil exports fell to their lowest level since June 2020, official data showed on Thursday.

OPEC and its allies agreed official estimates and compared said it was hoping for a "flood" tilizer and Chemical Industries.

Closing Bell

SAUDI	▼ 0.6% to 10,791	
ABU DHAB	l = at 6,649	CHECK THE PARTY OF
DUBAI	▼ 0.4% to 2,851	
QATAR	▲ 0.2% to 10,763	E INTERNATION
EGYPT	▼t 0.7% to 9,798	
BAHRAIN	▲ 0.4% to 1,568	
OMAN	▼ 0.5% to 4,057	
KUWAIT	▲ 0.2% to 6,963	

ing months when to gradually phase it out.

product also shrank 3% in the ates NBD Bank was down 0.4%. blue-chip index declined 0.7%, first quarter, slightly less than

to extend most oil output cuts with a 1% contraction last year, into April but Saudi Arabia said as a sharp fall in the oil sector di Arabia, fell 0.6%, with Al Ra- it would extend its voluntary pulled back the economy, data

> Dubai's main share index lost fall in sharia-compliant lender with a stable outlook. The country's gross domestic Dubai Islamic Bank and Emir-

of travelers as the coronavirus pandemic eases. It targets passenger traffic through Dubai International Airport to rising 8% to 28 million this year as demand recovers.

The airport handled 5.75 million passengers in the first quarter, a 67.8% fall compared to the same quarter in 2020 before the pandemic halted traffic.

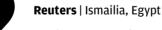
In Abu Dhabi, the index traded flat as gains in financial shares were offset by declines in telecoms firm Etisalat.

In Qatar, the index closed 0.2% higher, with Qatar Islamic Bank rising 0.7%.

Last week, ratings agency 0.4%, weighed down by a 0.8% Fitch affirmed Qatar at 'AA-'

Outside the Gulf, Egypt's Dubai's state airport operator hit by a 2.7% fall in Abu Qir Fer-

New offer made over Suez blockage



The owners of a giant container shire! tainer ship that blocked the Suez Canal in March have made a new offer in a compensation dispute with the canal authority, a lawyer for the authority said on Sunday, as a court ruling on the case was postponed for two

The Ever Given container ship has been anchored in a lake between two stretches of the canal since it was dislodged on March 29. It had been grounded across the canal for six days, blocking hundreds of ships and disrupting global trade.

The Suez Canal Authority an Egyptian court order. (SCA) demanded \$916 million in compensation to cover salvage lowering the request to \$550 million.

owners Shoei Kisen and its in-



Ship Ever Given, one of the world's largest container ships, is seen after it was fully floated in Suez Canal

and the ship's detention under to pay \$150 million.

and lost revenue, before publicly court hearing in Ismailia over tions, one of their lawyers said. the ship's detention. The ship's

surers have disputed the claim ly said Shoei Kisen had offered

A court ruling was due on Negotiations had been con- Sunday after several delays, but tinuing until Saturday, SCA Shoei Kisen's legal team asked efforts, reputational damage lawyer Khaled Abu Bakr told a to allow more time for negotia-

Judicial sources said the case owners had put in a new offer, was postponed until July 4 to The Ever Given's Japanese he said, without giving details. allow for "friendly settlement" The SCA's chairman previousbetween the parties.

This week UK Club, one of the ship's insurers, said it was engaged in "serious and constructive negotiations" with the SCA, and was "hopeful of a positive resolution to these negotiations in the near future".



The Suez Canal is an artificial sea-level waterway in Egypt, connecting the Mediterranean Sea to the Red Sea through the Isthmus of Suez and dividing Africa and Asia. The canal is part of the Silk Road that connects Europe with Asia