

Washington's dirty little secret: No one is running the show



The United States Capitol building



JONAH GOLDBERG

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One of the hardest lessons for young, idealistic and educated people to learn when they come to Washington -- and some never learn it -- is that nobody is running things. Sure, they know how to hold a press conference or write a law or conduct a study. But no person or group of people has the power to impose their will on society. There are just too many chefs making the soup. In other words, people have the power to try stuff in the same way generals have the authority to send troops into battle, but as Gen. James Mattis likes to say, “The enemy gets a vote.” And in politics and public policy, the enemy isn’t merely the opposing party or hostile voters, but life -- that vast realm of existence governed as much by Murphy’s Law as Washington’s laws. Facts are stubborn things. The world is complicated.

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the promise that there were millions of “shovel-ready jobs,” the stimulation never quite materialized as planned, and the shovels tended to stay in the shed. Obama later insisted that the theory behind the stimulus was right, but “the problem is that spending it out takes a long time, because there’s really nothing -- there’s no such thing as shovel-ready projects.”

This is a hard lesson for people who put immense faith in government to do big, important things. The technocratic New Dealers were sure they were smart enough to allocate resources better than the market. To that end, in 1933, when millions of Americans were going hungry, the government slaughtered some 6 million pigs and threw away the meat in an effort to drive up pork prices. Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace was convinced America was on the verge of creating a new society.

“Only the merest quarter-turn of the heart separates us from a material abundance beyond the fondest dream of anyone present,” he told a crowd in Des Moines, Iowa. All we had to do was resist

the urge to act like dogs returning capitalism.”

Capitalism nauseates because a world with programming for a perception of clan life” as economist puts it. Our brains are wired to be in charge. When bad things be because someone intended it. perceived slights, inconvenience and our anger needs a target.

This wiring was perfectly adapted world where resources were finite economic transactions were essential and communal. But in a world where a bag of rice from India is influential turmoil in Indonesia and heavy rain never mind the overproduction of substitute for expensive rice) in Russia, erlands, blaming your local grocery extra 50 cents is silly. But it’s still

When gas prices are “too high,” blame oil companies for “gouging



A dead sperm whale that washed ashore that had nearly six kilograms (13.2 lbs) of plastic waste in its stomach, in Wakatobi National Park in Sulawesi province, Indonesia

We need an urgent

The impact of plastic on the environment and marine life is well-documented – but, for the first time, its effects on human health are revealed



DAVID ATTENBOROUGH

Today, it has become clear that plastic is having a devastating effect not only on wildlife but on ourselves. It is now polluting every corner of our planet. I have seen first-hand, how it is choking our oceans and rivers.

It entangles animals with lethal effect. It causes perforated stomachs and starvation. Mammals, birds, fish and marine invertebrates – over 180 different species in all – have been identified accidentally eating it.

But the impact on humans is less well known. Now a report published jointly by the conservation organisation Fauna & Flora International and others highlights for the first time the effect of plastic waste on the health of the world’s poorest people.

It shows that 400,000 to one million people are dying every year as a result of mismanaged waste. If the upper end of this estimate is correct, then one person is dying every 30 seconds as a consequence of this dreadful pollution.

A lack of waste collection in developing

countries create ideal breeding disease-carrying plastic foodstuffs for the mosquitoes.

Dengue is a disease leading to Better management lead to an estimate of the incidence

Many communities releasing toxic pollution.

This toxic cocktail of dioxins and metals threats to human health risk of disease cancer, respiratory emphysema, headaches and nervous system

The World Bank estimates that there are 1 billion people every year as open burning around a fifth

As well as that there are also The United Nations programme has a developing countries of the